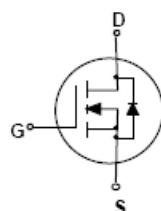
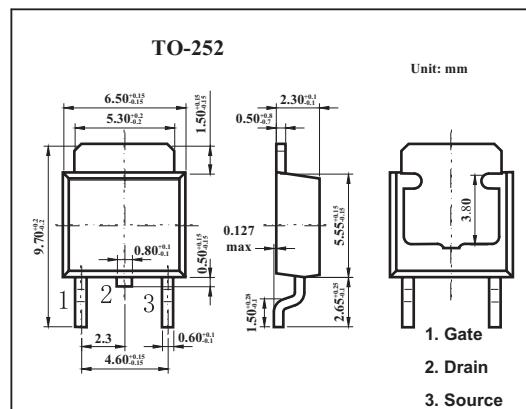


100V N-Channel PowerTrench MOSFET

KDD3670

■ Features

- 34 A, 100 V. $R_{DS(ON)} = 32\text{m}\Omega$ @ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 35\text{m}\Omega$ @ $V_{GS} = 6\text{ V}$
- Low gate charge (57 nC typical)
- Fast switching speed
- High performance trench technology for extremely low $R_{DS(ON)}$
- High power and current handling capability



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Drain to Source Voltage	V_{DSS}	100	V
Gate to Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Drain Current Continuous (Note 1)	I_D	34	A
Drain Current Pulsed		100	A
Power dissipation @ $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 1)	P_D	83	W
Power dissipation @ $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 1a)		3.8	
Power dissipation @ $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 1b)		1.6	
Operating and Storage Temperature	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 175	°C
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.8	°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	96	°C/W

KDD3670

■ Electrical Characteristics Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Testconditons	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Single Pulse Drain-Source Avalanche Energy	W _{DSS}	V _{DD} = 50 V, I _D = 7.3A (Not 2)			360	mJ
Maximum Drain-Source Avalanche Current	I _{AR}	(Not 2)			7.3	A
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	B _{VDSS}	V _{GS} = 0 V, I _D = 250 μ A	100			V
Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$\frac{\Delta B_{V_{DSS}}}{\Delta T_J}$	I _D = 250 μ A, Referenced to 25°C		92		mV/°C
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{DSS}	V _{DS} = 80 V, V _{GS} = 0 V			1	μ A
Gate-Body Leakage, Forward	I _{GSSF}	V _{GS} = 20 V, V _{DS} = 0 V			100	nA
Gate-Body Leakage, Reverse	I _{GSSR}	V _{GS} = -20 V, V _{DS} = 0 V			-100	nA
Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(th)}	V _{DS} = V _{GS} , I _D = 250 μ A	2	2.5	4	V
Gate Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	I _D = 250 μ A, Referenced to 25°C		-7.2		mV/°C
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	R _{D(on)}	V _{GS} = 10 V, I _D = 7.3 A		22	32	mΩ
		V _{GS} = 10 V, I _D = 7.3 A, T _J = 125°C		39	56	
		V _{GS} = 6 V, I _D = 7 A,		24	35	
On-State Drain Current	I _{D(on)}	V _{GS} = 10 V, V _{DS} = 5 V	25			A
Forward Transconductance	g _F S	V _{DS} = 5 V, I _D = 7.3 A	15	31		S
Input Capacitance	C _{iss}			2490		pF
Output Capacitance	C _{oss}	V _{DS} = 50 V, V _{GS} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		265		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{rss}			80		pF
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(on)}			16	26	ns
Turn-On Rise Time	t _r	V _{DD} = 30 V, I _D = 1 A, V _{GS} = 10 V, R _{GEN} = 6 Ω		10	18	ns
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(off)}			56	84	ns
Turn-Off Fall Time	t _f			25	40	ns
Total Gate Charge	Q _g	V _{DS} = 50 V, I _D = 7.3 A, V _{GS} = 10 V (Note 2)		57	80	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q _{gs}			11		nC
Gate-Drain Charge	Q _{gd}			15		nC
Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current	I _s				2.7	A
Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	V _{SD}	V _{GS} = 0 V, I _s = 2.7 A (Not 2)		0.72	1.2	V

Notes:

1. R_{JK} is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins. R_{JK} is guaranteed by design while R_{SCA} is determined by the user's board design.



a) R_{JK} = 40°C/W when mounted on a 1 in² pad of 2 oz copper.



b) R_{JK} = 96°C/W on a minimum mounting pad.

Scale 1 : 1 on letter size paper

Pulse Test: Pulse Width < 300μs, Duty Cycle < 2.0%